



Solving The Right Problems

A 3 Step Approach

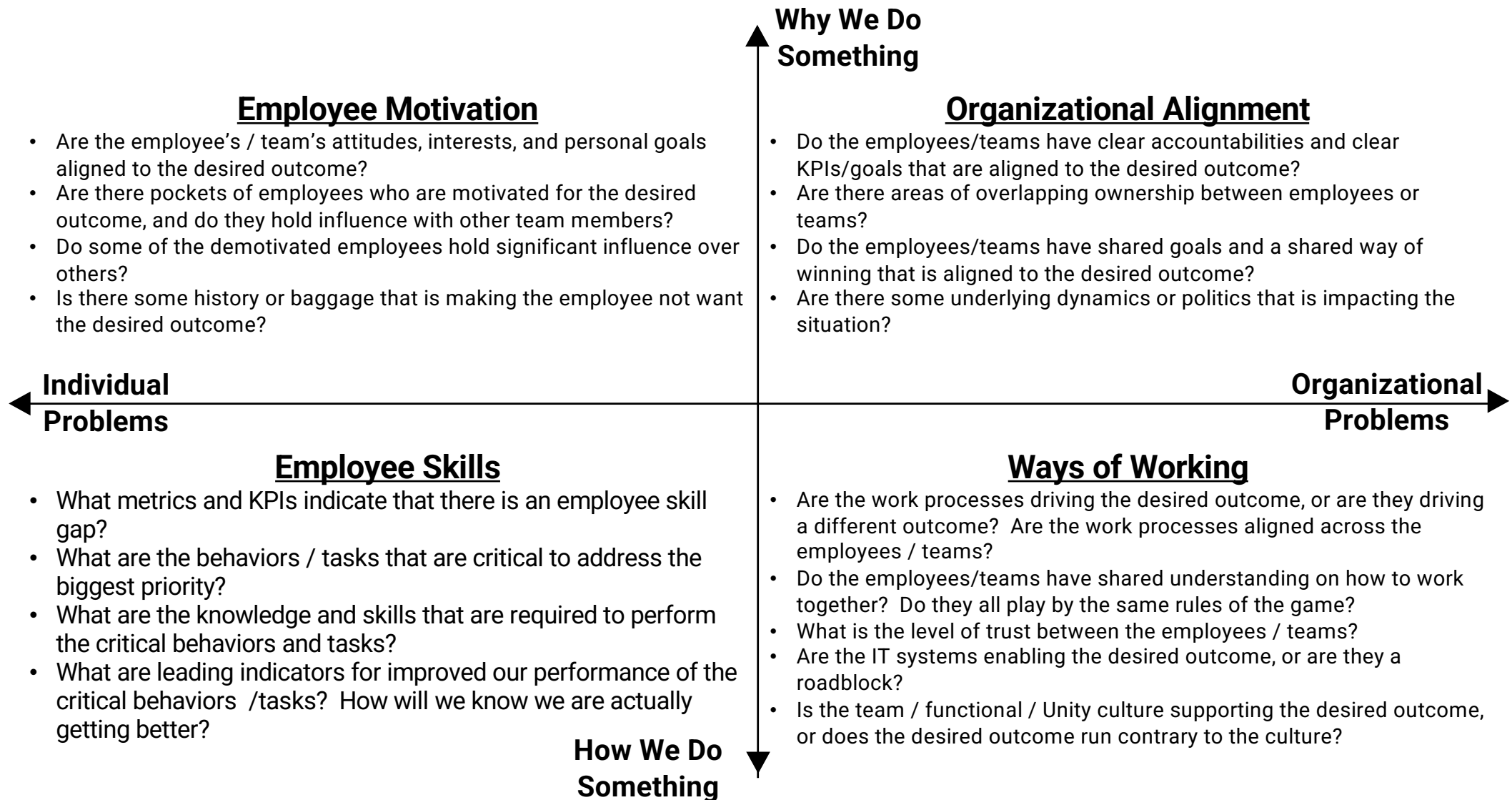
Step 1) Frame the Issue

1. **Identify** – What is the critical issue/s you are trying to resolve?
2. **Define** – What are the Business Results / KPIs / process metrics (financial, engagement, functional, etc...) that indicate these issues are important, and need to be resolved?
3. **Map** – If multiple issues have been identified, you should map all the issues on a simple graph. On the vertical axis you should plot the issues' "Level of Complexity" (high complexity vs low complexity). On the horizontal axis you should plot the issues "Criticality" (not critical at this moment vs emergency level criticality).
4. **Select** – Don't try and resolve multiple highly complex issues in the same meeting. Focus on 1, and build your plan around addressing that issue. Multiple low complexity issues can be combined and resolved in 1 meeting.
5. **Set Goal** – What would change, or how would the results improve if we addressed this issue? Be specific (from XXX to YYY).

Step 2) Find the Root Cause



Root Cause Diagnosis Questions



Examples of Root Causes



Step 3) Identify the Right Solutions

1. **Align** – Align around the key root causes, and which are critical to solve. There can be more than one root cause per issue.
2. **Define** – Once you know what root causes you want to address, define what a positive outcome looks like. How will you know if you resolved the root cause?
3. **Brainstorm** – After you know what root problems you are trying to resolve, brainstorm as many possible solutions as possible. Do not limit the ideas in this phase.
4. **Map** – As soon as all the ideas have been generated, you should map all the ideas on a simple graph. On the vertical axis you should plot the solutions’ “Ease of Implementation” and on the horizontal axis you should plot the solutions “Effectiveness is solving the issue”.
5. **Sequence** – Decide which solutions offer the best mixture of Ease and Effectiveness, and put them in a rough timeline. Identify if any solutions have dependencies on other solutions, and place them in the sequence accordingly.